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5	IINITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT	
6 7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA		
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9	ENVTECH, INC., a Nevada Corporation,) 3:11-cv-00523-HDM-WGC	
10	Plaintiff,) ORDER	
11	VS.	re: Plaintiff's Motion for Sanctions	
12	TALMOR SUCHARD, et al.,) and to Compel) Doc. # 150	
13	Defendants.)))	
14		<i>)</i>	
15	Before the court is Plaintiff EnvTech's Motion for Sanctions and to Compel. (Doc. # 150.) ¹ No		
16	response was filed by Defendant Talmor Suchard.		
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18	Plaintiff's motion details the long and arduous discovery history this case has generated arising		
19	from Defendant Suchard's failure to comply with not only legitimate discovery requests but also with		
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21	heard Plaintiff EnvTech's motion to compel on September 5, 2013. (Doc. # 137.) Thereafter, on		
22	September 11, 2013, this court entered a comprehensive order concerning Plaintiff's discovery,		
23		ections and adequacy of certain of Defendant's discovery	
24	•	ected to provide further answers to certain of Plaintiff's	
2526		tely respond to requests for production numbers 8, 19, 25,	
27	27, 31, 37, 41, 42, 49, 58 and 59. (<i>Id.</i> , at 11-12.) At another discovery conference conducted on October 2, 2012, the court reviewed, among		
28	The another discovery conference con-	ducted on October 2, 2012, the court reviewed, alliong	
4 0	Refers to court's docket number.		

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others, the adequacy of Defendant's response to Interrogatory No. 10. The court deemed Defendant Suchard's response to this interrogatory to be incomplete and ordered Defendant to supplement his response as follows:

Interrogatory No. 10

Defendant shall supplement his response to this interrogatory. Defendant's response shall include information as to *each* company for which defendant provided services to since the start of his employment with EnvTech until present with respect to all five (5) subcategories listed in Interrogatory No. 10.

Defendant was also directed to file supplemental responses to Plaintiff's request for production. (Doc. # 147 at 2.)

The court further noted that "[i]f discovery disputes remain outstanding after defendant produces ay supplemental responses, the court will entertain a motion to compel and a motion for sanctions. (*Id.* at 3.)

Plaintiff's unopposed motion (Doc. # 150) now seeks the court to order that Defendant Suchard be (again) compelled to produce responsive documents sought by Plaintiff during discovery. Plaintiff also seeks sanctions be imposed by reason of Defendant's continued failure to provide adequate supplemental responses to Interrogatory No. 10 and to produce documents in Defendant's possession, mainly those pertaining to Sentro, Israel.

Suchard was previously directed to produce Sentro Israel documents under Defendant's control, more specifically, certain requests for production identified by Plaintiff as follows:

The RFPs at issue generally concern two important issues in this case: the services provided by Suchard and Sentro Israel and Suchard's communications with potential clients:

- RFPs 19 and 25 seek documents concerning the types of services Suchard and Sentro Israel provide their customers.
- RFPs 27 and 31 seek communications with present and prospective Sentro Israel customers.
- RFP 41 seeks documents concerning Suchard's development of chemical cleaning technology with Sentro Israel.
- RFPs 58 and 59 seek communications with two specific oil refineries (with whom Suchard and Sentro Israel have sought business).

(*Id.*, at 2, 3 and 15-20)

Defendant apparently continues to refuse to produce Sentro Israel documents because Sentro

Israel supposedly will not permit Defendant Suchard, who is a 50% owner and director of Sentro, to

disclosure the requested documentation. This court preciously extensively analyzed – and rejected –

Defendant's contentions that the Sentro Israel documents are not in Defendant's possession or under his

custody or control. (Doc. # 139 at 7-11.) The court observed Suchard had apparently made no demand,

formal or informal, on Sentro to produce the documents, including no submission of a declaration

outlining his efforts (if any) to secure the documents from Sentro. After reviewing legal authorities

submitted by EnvTech from an Israeli attorney, the court concluded that under Israeli corporate law,

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The court ruled as follows:

Suchard did in fact have rights to obtain and produce those materials.

Thus, Suchard's objection that he does not have control over the requested documents is overruled because he has not yet made an adequate showing this is the case. To that end, he is required to produce documents that he has in his possession that are not otherwise privileged, and has up to and including September 25, 2013, to produce supplemental responses to the requests for production of documents at issue. If he wishes to continue to assert that responsive documents exist that are not within his control, he is required to set forth in a verified declaration attached to his discovery responses that he does not himself have access to documents responsive to EnvTech's requests, and shall also document efforts made to obtain the documents from Sentro Israel. Should EnvTech determine that his declaration is insufficient, it may bring a further motion to compel, at which point the court will make a determination whether the documents are within Suchard's control. Suchard is cautioned that unless he can demonstrate substantive, good faith efforts to secure the information from Sentro Israel, the court is not likely to favorably receive any explanation of futility.

(Doc. # 139 at 10-11.)

Plaintiff has documented in its motion for sanctions/motion to compel (Doc. # 150) that Defendant Suchard has failed to fully answer Interrogatory No. 10 or properly respond to requests for production numbers 19, 25, 27, 31, 41, 58 and 59. Defendant Suchard has not provided any declaration under oath outlining what effort he undertook (if any) to obtain the Sentro Israel documents. Because Defendant failed to respond to Plaintiff's motion, the court has no information which might rebut any of Plaintiff's assertions regarding Defendant's discovery productions or responses.

II. Discussion

Plaintiff seeks to invoke Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(b) sanctions by reason of Plaintiff's disobedience of

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this court's discovery orders. Relevant sanctions under 37(b)(2)(A) may include (i) a finding the facts are established which this moving party sought to address in discovery; (ii) precluding the disobedient party to introduce certain matters into evidence or to oppose certain claims; (iii) striking pleadings in whole or in part; (vi) rendering a default judgment against the disobedient party; and/or (vii) treating the failure to obey a discovery order as contempt.

The failure for not obeying a discovery order may be sanctioned via one or more methods as set forth above under Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(b). The court has broad discretion to impose any of the penalties after a party has been found to have violated discovery orders of the court. Anderson v. Foundation for Advancement, Educ. and Employment of American Indians, 155 F.2d 500, 504 (4th Cir. 1998). Rule 37(b)(2)(C) also directs the court to "order the disobedient party, the attorney advising that party, or both to pay the reasonable expenses, including attorneys fees, caused by the failure unless the failure was substantially justified or other circumstances make an award of expenses unjust." As discussed above, because Defendant failed to oppose Plaintiff's motion, the court can find no basis to conclude Defendant's failure to comply with the discovery order was "substantially justified" or that reimbursement for expenses and fees would be "unjust." Instead, the court finds that Defendant Suchard has violated discovery orders of this court.

III. Sanctions

In addition to again asking this court to order Defendant to produce discovery documents, Plaintiff's motion seeks multiple sanctions be imposed against Defendant Suchard, including a finding of contempt for which Plaintiff suggests Defendant Suchard should "spend 15 days in prison, or until he fully responds to Interrogatory 10, whichever is earlier." (Doc. # 150 at 20.) Additionally, Plaintiff seeks an order of "issue preclusion" as to the subject of Interrogatory 10 and also as to certain requests for production of documents. (Id.) Last, Plaintiff seeks an award of attorneys fees and costs Plaintiff has "accrued in having to seek this relief, beginning with Plaintiff's motion to compel." (*Id.* at 21.)

A. Facts or Issues Conclusively Established

The court finds it appropriate that as a sanction, the court will deem as established the facts that Plaintiff was seeking to ascertain during discovery via Interrogatory No. 10. Fencorp Co. v. Ohio Kentucky Oil Corp., 675 F.3d 933, 942 (6th Cir. 2012). More specifically, by reason of Defendant Suchard's failure to comply with discovery orders of this court, the court finds the following issue to have been conclusively established:

Since May 2011, Suchard and Sentro Israel have provided chemical cleaning services to oil and gas refineries, including heat exchange decontamination and the cleaning of HF Alyklation units, vacuum towers, crude-oil units, desalters, FCC units, vapor phase, and heaving-oil units. These oil and gas refineries include EnvTech's clients at the time of Suchard's employment there.

The court is unable to discern what other issues, if any, Plaintiff contends should be conclusively established as to Interrogatory 10 or under the Plaintiff's requests for production numbers 19, 25, 27, 31, 41, 58 and 59. In that respect, the discovery which was propounded in the subject requests for production (summarized by Plaintiff in Doc. # 150 at p. 15) does not seem to lend itself to such findings. Therefore, unless Plaintiff supplements its motion with other proposed specific findings (and if so, it must do so within ten days), the court will only make this one specific finding of issue preclusion.

Plaintiff's motion also asks this court to "issue an order compelling Suchard to produce all responsive documents in Sentro Israel's possession." (Doc. # 150 at 3; *id.*, at 21.) However, having already issued orders directing Defendant Suchard to produce responsive documents, with no satisfactory compliance from Defendant Suchard, the court is skeptical a third order compelling production of documents will accomplish what has been attempted previously. Nevertheless, the court will direct Defendant to comply with the prior discovery orders of this court or risk further sanctions.'

The court declines at this time to impose a contempt of court finding.

C. Payment of Fees and Expenses

Plaintiff's motion requests the court to order an award of attorneys fees and costs "in having to seek this relief, beginning with the motion to compel." (Doc. # 150 at 21.) Rule 37(b)(2)(C) directs that a court "must order" the payment of reasonable expenses (including attorneys fees), but only for those caused by defendant's failure to comply with the order of the court. *Rates Technology, Inc. v. Mediatrix Telecom, Inc.*, 688 F.3d 642, 748 (Fed. Cir. 2012).

Although Rule 37(a) provides for an award of fees and expenses by reason of having to pursue an motion to compel, it does not appear Plaintiff's underlying motion to compel sought such expenses and fees as part of that motion. (Doc. # 125.) The court will, however, award reimbursement to Plaintiff

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1	in the amount of its attorneys fees and expenses incurred in making the instant motion (Doc. # 150) by		
2	reason of Defendant's failure to comply with a court order. Rule 37(b).		
3	The Plaintiff is directed to file a declaration within ten (10) days identifying and substantiating		
4	its fees and expenses incurred in connection with the preparation of its motion for sanctions/motion to		
5	compel (Doc. # 150). Defendant will be allowed to contest the reasonableness of the Plaintiff's claims		
6	for fees and expenses. Any opposition to the Plaintiff's declaration re fees and costs shall be filed within		
7	ten (10) days thereafter.		
8	IV. Conclusion		
9	Plaintiff's motion (Doc. #150) is GRANTED consistent with the rulings delineated in this order.		
10	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
11	DATED: December 31, 2013		
12	Willen of Gobb		
13	WILLIAM G. COBB		
14	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE		
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